AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The following is a complete, marked-up listing of revised claims with a status identifier in parenthesis, underlined text indicating insertions, and strike through and/or double-bracketed text indicating deletions.

LISTING OF CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently Amended) A rapidly opening pressure regulating valve comprising:
- (a) a main body provided with a valve seat intervening in a fluid channel communicating with an inlet and an outlet of the fluid;
 - (b) a valve member being composed of:
- (b1) a main valve member having one end side facing the inlet and the other end side on the opposite side of the one end side, and having a closing pressure-receiving surface that is in communication with the outlet, for receiving a pressure in a closing direction, and an opening pressure-receiving surface formed on the other end side, for receiving a pressure in an opening direction, which valve member is guided movably in an opening/closing direction by the main body, and
- (b2) a valve component that is mounted removably on the one end side of the main valve member through the inlet and opened and closed by being brought into contract with and being detached from the valve seat;
 - (c) a portion defining a channel for communicating the inlet with the other end side;
 - (d) a biasing member for biasing the valve member in the opening direction;
- (e) a receiving member for closing a space in the main body in communicating with the channel;
- (f) a moving receiving portion that is interposed between the receiving member and the biasing member, the moving receiving portion being guided movably in the

opening/closing direction in the main body, provided with a pressure-receiving surface for receiving a same pressure as the opening pressure-receiving surface, and generating a biasing force in the biasing member when moved to a predetermined position in the opening direction;

- (g) a positioning portion provided in the main body so as to stop the moving receiving portion at the predetermined position;
- (h) pressure-sealing means including a sealing plate that is provided so as to close the channel under a condition that the sealing plate is in communication with the channel; and
- (i) sealed pressure-releasing means provided in the main body, the sealed pressure-releasing means being constituted so as to supply a pressure in the channel to the opening pressure-receiving surface by breaking the sealing plate when operated,
- (j) wherein a pressure-receiving area for receiving a fluid pressure of the valve component that is seated in the valve seat, a pressure-receiving area of the closing pressure-receiving surface, a pressure-receiving area of the opening pressure-receiving surface, and a biasing force of the biasing member are determined so as to have a relationship in which the channel is communicated and the opening pressure-receiving surface receives a pressure in the opening direction, whereby the valve component portion is opened and a valve closing force that closes the valve component portion when a pressure in the outlet exceeds a predetermined pressure becomes larger than the biasing force, whereby the valve component portion is closed,

wherein the receiving member is constituted such that in an inner circumferential surface of the receiving member, movement of the moving receiving portion is guidable in at least one of the opening and closing direction,

wherein an outer circumferential surface of an upper end of the main body and the inner circumferential surface of the receiving member are threaded so as to correspond to

each other, and the receiving member is constituted so as to be thread-engageable with the upper end of the main body, and

wherein the receiving member and the main body have contact portions other than engaged portions, which contact portions are formed to be tapered at a position above the engaged portions.

- 2. (Currently Amended) A rapidly opening pressure regulating valve comprising:
- (a) a main body provided with a valve seat intervening in a fluid channel communicating with an inlet and an outlet of the fluid;
 - (b) a valve member being composed of:
- (b1) a main valve member having one end side facing the inlet and the other end side on the opposite side of the one end side, and having a closing pressure-receiving surface that is in communication with the outlet, for receiving a pressure in a closing direction, and an opening pressure-receiving surface formed on the other end side, for receiving a pressure in an opening direction, which valve member is guided movably in an opening/closing direction by the main body, and
- (b2) a valve component that is mounted removably on the one end side of the main valve member through the inlet and opened and closed by being brought into contact with and being detached from the valve seat;
 - (c) a portion defining a channel for communicating the inlet with the other end side;
 - (d) a biasing member for biasing the valve member in the opening direction;
- (e) a receiving member for closing a space in the main body in communicating with the channel;
- (f) a moving receiving portion that is interposed between the receiving member and the biasing member, the moving receiving portion being guided movably in the opening/closing direction in the main body, provided with a pressure-receiving surface for

receiving a same pressure as the opening pressure-receiving surface, and generating a biasing force in the biasing member when moved to a predetermined position in the opening direction;

- (g) a positioning portion provided in the main body so as to stop the moving receiving portion at the predetermined position;
- (h) pressure-sealing means including a pressure-sealing member that is provided so as to close the channel under a condition that the pressure-sealing member is in communication with the channel; and
- (i) sealed pressure-releasing means provided in the main body, the sealed pressure-releasing means being constituted so as to supply a pressure in the channel to the opening pressure-receiving surface by keeping the pressure-sealing member open when operated,
- (j) wherein a pressure-receiving area for receiving a fluid pressure of the valve component that is seated in the valve seat, a pressure-receiving area of the closing pressure-receiving surface, a pressure-receiving area of the opening pressure-receiving surface, and a biasing force of the biasing member are determined so as to have a relationship in which the channel is communicated and the opening pressure-receiving surface receives a pressure in the opening direction, whereby the valve component portion is opened and a valve closing force that closes the valve component portion when a pressure in the outlet exceeds a predetermined pressure becomes larger than the biasing force, whereby the valve component portion is closed.

wherein the receiving member is constituted such that in an inner circumferential surface of the receiving member, movement of the moving receiving portion is guidable in at least one of the opening and closing direction,

wherein an outer circumferential surface of an upper end of the main body and the inner circumferential surface of the receiving member are threaded so as to correspond to

each other, and the receiving member is constituted so as to be thread-engageable with the upper end of the main body, and

wherein the receiving member and the main body have contact portions other than engaged portions, which contact portions are formed to be tapered at a position above the engaged portions.

- 3. (Original) The rapidly opening pressure regulating valve of claim 2, wherein the pressure-sealing member is a sealing plate, the sealed pressure-releasing means comprising:
 - a needle portion provided so as to be opposed to the sealing plate;
- a piston-like member for biasing the needle portion such that the needle portion penetrates the sealing plate by receiving a fluid pressure; and
 - an operating portion formed so as to the bias the piston-like member.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The rapidly opening pressure regulating valve of claim 1, wherein the valve component comprises a contact portion that comes in contact with the valve seat; and
- a reinforcing portion for suppressing deformation of the contact portion, and the reinforcing portion is made of a material having a tensile strength of 200 N/mm² or more.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The rapidly opening pressure regulating valve of claim 1, wherein an area of a region of the valve component that is opposed to the valve seat is the same as an area of the opening pressure-receiving surface.
- 6. (Previously Presented) The rapidly opening pressure regulating valve of claim 1, wherein when the pressure-receiving area of the closing pressure-receiving surface is reduced, the pressure-receiving area for receiving a fluid pressure of the valve component

seated in the valve seat and the pressure-receiving area of the opening pressure-receiving surface are constant, and the relationship is maintained.

- 7. (Cancelled)
- 8. (Cancelled)
- 9. (Currently Amended) A rapidly opening pressure regulating valve comprising: a valve member configured so as to be displaceable along an axis thereof; and a main body formed integrally with a cylinder insert portion that is inserted in a high pressure gas cylinder and in which an inlet of gas is formed,

the rapidly opening pressure regulating valve comprising:

insert portion reinforcing means for increasing a mechanical strength of the cylinder insert portion,

wherein the cylinder insert portion includes a housed portion that is housed in a cylinder and an exposed portion that is exposed outside the cylinder, and

wherein the insert portion reinforcing means comprises:

a main body portion provided between both sides in the axis direction of a boundary between the housed portion and the exposed portion;

a thread mechanism portion provided on one side in the axis direction of the boundary, to supply a driving force to the main body portion toward the one side in the axis direction; and

a thread-advance preventing portion provided on the other side in the axis direction of the boundary, to prevent the main body portion from advancing while being threaded to the one side in the axis direction, and

wherein the insert portion reinforcing means reinforces a portion including a vicinity of [[a]] the boundary between the housed-portion and the exposed portion by making the cylinder insert portion into a compressed state, and

wherein the main body portion is formed in a cylindrical shape,

the thread-advance preventing portion is formed integrally with the main body portion and projects outward in a radial direction of the main body portion to be engaged with a cylinder insert portion, and

the thread mechanism portion has an inner threaded portion that is formed integrally with the inner circumferential portion of the cylinder insert portion, and an outer threaded portion that is formed integrally with the outer circumferential portion of the main body portion and that is thread-engaged with the inner threaded portion.

- 10. (Cancelled).
- 11. (Cancelled)
- 12. (Cancelled)
- 13. (Previously Presented) A fire extinguishing apparatus comprising: an inert gas cylinder for storing inert gas for fire extinguishment;

the rapidly opening pressure regulating valve of claim 1 in which the inlet of the main body is mounted on the inert gas cylinder,

wherein the fire extinguishing apparatus comprises a line for guiding the inert gas from an outlet of the rapidly opening pressure regulating valve to a fire extinguishment area.

- 14. (Previously Presented) A high pressure gas cylinder apparatus comprising:
 a high pressure gas cylinder; and
- the rapidly opening pressure regulating valve of claim 1 in which the inlet of the main body thereof is mounted on the high pressure gas cylinder.
- 15. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for rapidly supplying a fluid comprising:

 a fluid source for supplying a fluid; and
 the rapidly opening pressure regulating valve of claim 1 in which the inlet of the main body thereof is provided in the fluid source.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The rapidly opening pressure regulating valve of claim 2, wherein the valve component comprises a contact portion that comes in contact with the valve seat; and
- a reinforcing portion for suppressing deformation of the contact portion, and the reinforcing portion is made of a material having a tensile strength of 200 N/mm² or more.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The rapidly opening pressure regulating valve of claim 2, wherein an area of a region of the valve component that is opposed to the valve seat is the same as an area of the opening pressure-receiving surface.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The rapidly opening pressure regulating valve of claim 2, wherein when the pressure-receiving area of the closing pressure-receiving surface is reduced, the pressure-receiving area for receiving a fluid pressure of the valve component seated in the valve seat and the pressure-receiving area of the opening pressure-receiving surface are constant, and the relationship is maintained.

- 19. (Cancelled)
- 20. (Previously Presented) A fire extinguishing apparatus comprising: an inert gas cylinder for storing inert gas for fire extinguishment;

the rapidly opening pressure regulating valve of claim 2 in which the inlet of the main body is mounted on the inert gas cylinder,

wherein the fire extinguishing apparatus comprises a line for guiding the inert gas from an outlet of the rapidly opening pressure regulating valve to a fire extinguishment area.

- 21. (Previously Presented) A high pressure gas cylinder apparatus comprising:

 a high pressure gas cylinder; and
 the rapidly opening pressure regulating valve of claim 2 in which the inlet of the main
 body thereof is mounted on the high pressure gas cylinder.
- 22. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for rapidly supplying a fluid comprising:
 a fluid source for supplying a fluid; and
 the rapidly opening pressure regulating valve of claim 2 in which the inlet of the main
 body thereof is provided in the fluid source.
- 23. (Previously Presented) A fire extinguishing apparatus comprising:

 an inert gas cylinder for storing inert gas for fire extinguishment;

 the rapidly opening pressure regulating valve of claim 9 in which the inlet of the main body is mounted on the inert gas cylinder,

wherein the fire extinguishing apparatus comprises a line for guiding the inert gas from an outlet of the rapidly opening pressure regulating valve to a fire extinguishment area.

- 24. (Previously Presented) A high pressure gas cylinder apparatus comprising:

 a high pressure gas cylinder; and
 the rapidly opening pressure regulating valve of claim 9 in which the inlet of the main

 body thereof is mounted on the high pressure gas cylinder.
- 25. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for rapidly supplying a fluid comprising:
 a fluid source for supplying a fluid; and
 the rapidly opening pressure regulating valve of claim 9 in which the inlet of the main
 body thereof is provided in the fluid source.